IT Audit for the Non-IT Auditor

Presented By

Brad Atkin, CPA, CISA, CITP, SOC Shareholder, IT Advisory and Security Group

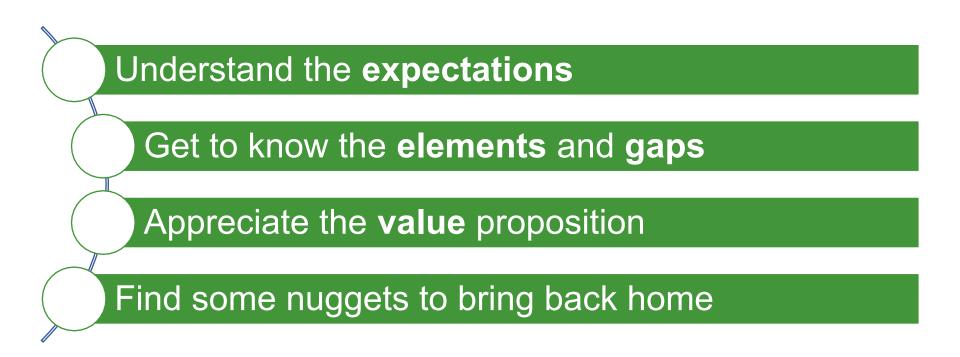


Insight. Oversight. Foresight.®



IT Audit for the Non-IT Auditor

Goals for the Session







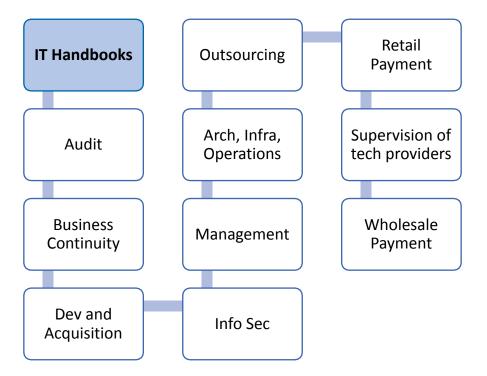
Expectations

Regulators expect CUs to address

- Information Security Risk Assessment
- Effectiveness of IT Controls (Are they designed well and working?)
- Vulnerability Management (scans, penetration testing/hacking, remediation)
- Compliance (ex. GLBA)

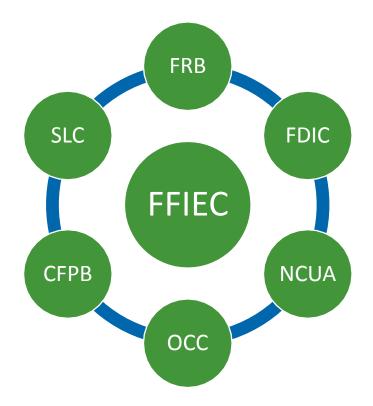


- IT Audits address effective risk
 management
- Guidance through IT
 Examination Handbooks (ithandbook.ffiec.gov)
 - Best practices and expectations
 - Sound IT governance, risk management, security practices
 - Protect member info, ensure op resilience, comply with laws and regs



• FFIEC Resources

- Cybersecurity Resource Guide (Revised Nov 2022)
- Cybersecurity Assessment Tool (inherent risk and cyber maturity)
- IT Booklets and IT Work
 programs





- Internal IT Audit Staff Roles and Responsibilities
 - Evaluate (plans, strategies, policies, procedures)
 - Assess day-to-day IT controls for transactions (recording, processing, financial reporting, compliance)
 - Involved in development process for major new IT apps
 - **Criteria** for whether projects need audit involvement (new apps, products, conversions)



- Additional Risk-Based Elements
 - Identify audit universe (data, apps, O/S, tech, facilities, personnel, business activities)
 - IT Risk Scoring ->

Age of system/app

Complexity

Operating environment

- Changes in volume
- Centralization
- Sensitivity
- \$ impact
- Conversions
- Physical & logical security

Previous findings

HR

- Mgmt experience/competence
- Turnover



• Understand your risks

- Risk-based rotation
- Availability vs external scoping
- Expertise
- Map to audit plan
- Balance risk
- Control investments

Risk by Category	Weighted Average by Category				
Information Category	100%				
Loans Total	21.5				
Operating systems Total	21.4				
Network and Network Infrastructure Total	20.0				
Member Data Total	17.1				
Core System Total	16.6				
Data Sharing Total	14.0				
Mortgage system Total	13.8				
Financial Systems Total	12.3				
Communications Total	10.4				
Monitoring Total	9.1				
Physical and Environmental Total	9.0				



Expectations – Risk-Based Plan

IT Risk-Based Audit Matrix									
Audit Area	Inherent Risk	Residual Risk	Risk Direction	Frequency	Last Audit				Performance
	L/M/H	L/M/H	Down/=/Up	L/M/H		2023	2024	2025	Int/Ext
GLBA	High	Moderate	Down	Moderate	2022		Х		DM
IT Management and Governance	Moderate	Moderate	=	Moderate	2021	Х		Х	Internal
Change Management and Program Maintainability	High	Moderate	=	Moderate	2022		Х		DM
Project Management	Moderate	Moderate	=	Moderate	2022		Х		DM
Data Analytics and Management	Moderate	High	Up	High		Х	Х	Х	DM
IT Operations	Low	Low	=	Low	2021		Х		Internal
IT Backups	Moderate	Moderate	=	Moderate	2021		Х		DM
Segregation of Duties	High	High	=	High	2022	Х	Х	Х	DM
Physical and Environmental Security	Low	Low	Up	Moderate	2021	Х		Х	DM
Network Infrastructure									
Anti-Virus Protection	High	Moderate	=	Moderate	2022	Х		Х	DM
Firewalls and Routers	High	Moderate	=	Moderate	2022	Х		Х	DM
Wireless Networks	High	Moderate	=	Moderate	2022		Х		DM



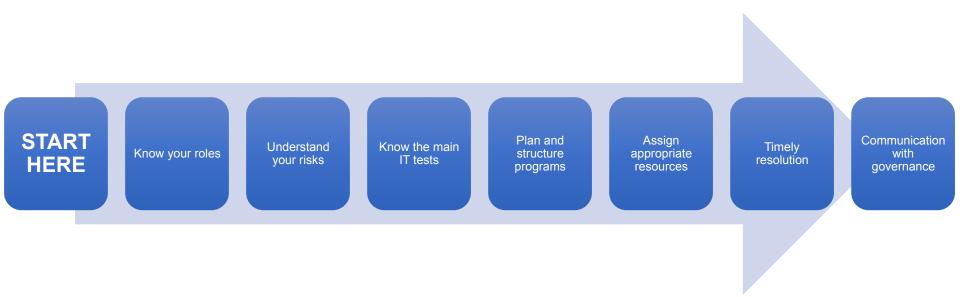
- Outsourced IT Internal Audit
 - All or some, but still **managed/overseen** by internal auditor or audit committee
 - Contract requirements: Protocol for changing services due to risk/environment
 - Provider can help with **risk determinations** due to expertise
 - Work together on **rating** findings (industry expertise)
 - Proper **due diligence** (skills, knowledge, expertise)





The Elements

The Elements





IT General IT Management and Governance (involvement, controls/ITGC responsibility, strategy, HR)

Change Management and Program Maintainability (initiate, review, approve, assess, policy, patching)

IT Operations and Backup (schedule and test)

Logical Access Control (user access, admin, password, external, least privilege)

Segregation of duties (admin, loan approval)



IT General Physical security (access, threats) Controls/ITGC

Network Infrastructure (anti-virus, firewalls, routers)

Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery (plan, test, approve)

Internet Banking (application, origination, activity, multifactor)

Remote Access (remote disable, interception, privilege escalation)



Comprehensive Information Security Program

Review Info Risk Assessment

Vendor Management (due diligence)

Intrusion Detection/Incident Response (assessment, notification)

Encryption Methodologies

System and Media Destruction (disposal, transit)



GLBA

Vulnerability Management

Identify and assess weaknesses in system

External scan (test where you are open to internet)

Internal scan (in network with credentials)

Penetration Testing ("Ethical Hacking")

Patch, update software, reconfigure systems



The Elements – The Gaps

Internal Vulnerability scans not credentialed	Ignoring applications	Logical access not performed	Testing of areas only includes policy review
Limited IT expertise	Lack of industry knowledge or operational goals	All scopes are the same (no risk adjustments)	Segregation of duties



The Value Proposition

The Value Proposition – Third Party

- Solving the large **expertise gap** (cost share of vast expertise needed)
- Strategic **partners** Findings, recommendations, best practices, advisory, communication, advocacy
- Wide **industry** knowledge (risks, controls, tools, core, operations)
- Assist your fiduciary duty to members



The Value Proposition – Third Party

- Known in industry
- More than policies
- **Diverse expertise**
- Thought leader
- **Risk-based scope**
- **Clear communication**





Questions?



Brad Atkin, CPA, CISA, CITP, SOC

Shareholder, IT Advisory and Security Group 248.244.3091 atkin@doeren.com

Thank You!

DoerenMayhew

Insight. Oversight. Foresight. ®