

Insider Fraud: When the Unexpected Strikes

Presented By:

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Headlines

- CEO imprisoned 6 years for \$250k embezzlement
- Credit Counselor jailed for stealing \$400k from members
- Branch Clerk stole \$600k
- Branch Manager jailed in \$430k embezzlement
- Former CU exec convicted in \$1.5M loan scheme
- Brinks employee embezzles over \$1M
- Teller jailed 3 years for \$200k theft
- NCUA bans Teller who stole \$625k in "C-Note Sandwiches"



Headlines

- Accounting Clerk stole \$800k from credit union
- Lending Chief convicted of \$350k loan scam
- Manager stole to give herself pay raise
- NCUA probes \$6M fraud in credit union failure
- Branch Manager jailed 5 years for \$275k embezzlement
- Credit union executive jailed for \$1M embezzlement
- CEO guilty of \$2M credit union theft





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Objectives

- Types of Fraud
- Cost & Perpetrators of Fraud
- Fraud Examples
- How to Prevent Fraud





Types of Fraud

- Typically, two primary types of fraud
 - Financial reporting fraud
 - Not pervasive throughout the industry & includes:
 - Lack of timely recording of loan losses
 - Manipulation of loan delinquency
 - Embezzlement or theft
 - Most common type of fraud



Types of Fraud

- Embezzlement
 - Common fraud targets
 - Change funds
 - Bank accounts
 - Loans
 - Investments
 - Member accounts elderly



Types of Fraud

- Two common elements after detection
 - Direct losses resulting from loss of funds
 - Indirect losses reputation risk
- Fraud triangle
 - Opportunity
 - Rationalization
 - Financial pressure







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Fraud Facts

- Association of Certified Fraud Examiners
 - Median Average Fraud Loss \$117,000 before detection

- Longer tenured employees lead to higher fraud losses
 - 10 years or more of service median loss of \$250,000
 - Employees in year 1 median loss \$50,000



Who Commits Fraud?

- Employees 37%
- Manager 39%
- Owner/Executive 23%



Average Losses by Position

- Employees \$50,000
- Manager \$125,000
- Owner/Executive \$337,000

Fraud by Tenure

- Less than 1 year 9%
- 1 to 5 years 47%
- 6 to 10 years 25%
- More than 10 years 20%



Polling Question #1

- What is a common fraud target?
 - a) Change funds
 - b) Return on assets
 - c) Elderly member accounts
 - d) Both a and c



- Needs/Financial Pressures
 - Financial difficulties
 - Job loss
 - Future uncertainties
 - Maintenance of increased lifestyle
 - Disruption in family life (death, sickness)
 - Medical bills
 - Alcohol, gambling, addictions



- Needs/Financial Pressures
 - Pressure to meet target & incentive goals
 - ROA
 - Net income
 - Net worth
 - Loans to shares
 - Charge-offs
 - Delinquency
 - Growth



- Opportunity
 - Poor Internal Controls

Segregation of Duties!!



Segregation of Duties

- Examples of a lack thereof
 - Accounting personnel w/ access to member & GL accounts
 - Wire transfer originate, verify & transmit
 - Loan officers approving & disbursing
 - Collection officers posting loan payments
 - Lack of dual controls over vault cash



- Opportunity
 - Incomplete accounting reconciliations
 - Bank accounts
 - Other general ledger accounts
 - Lack of review of file maintenance reports

Long-term employees trusted unconditionally



Polling Question #2

- What are examples of financial pressures?
 - a) Job loss
 - b) Medical bills
 - c) Family life disruptions
 - d) All of the above





CEO imprisoned 6 years for \$250k embezzlement:

- CEO was manager and sole employee
- Handled daily operations without direct supervision
- Stole funds over 4 years
- Outside audit discovered the fraudulent loan activity
- Funded fake loans using real and fake members
- Deposited proceeds to her own account

What Went Wrong:

- \$9M in assets with 1 employee
 - Average for CUs (\$10-\$50M), 1 for every \$3M
- Manager could approve/disburse same loans
 - Without oversight from Supervisory Committee
- Manager could open new member accounts
 - Without oversight again



How to Prevent:

- Supervisory Committee review of mbr docs to include:
 - Driver's license
 - Credit reports
 - And be done at least quarterly on all new accounts
- Supervisory Committee review of loan docs to include:
 - Validating disbursement of proceeds:
 - Check disbursement or deposit to member account
- Appropriate segregation would IDed fraud sooner



Branch Manager jailed in \$430k embezzlement:

- Siphoned funds from accounts of VA members who:
 - Not receiving monthly statements
 - Lived out of town
 - III or near death
- Provided falsified records from handwritten ledger
- Also stole directly from vault
 - Worked branch with son and would indicate already counted



What Went Wrong:

- Two branch employees were family members
 - Mother and son (parental power)
- Members were not receiving statements
- Cash counts not conducted by Committee or Board
 - Independent of branch employees ever

How to Prevent:

- Performance of cash counts by non-branch personnel
- Review members classified as "no-mail"
- Ensure all other members receiving statements
- Review for inappropriate transactions



NCUA probes \$6M fraud in credit union failure:

- Credit union became insolvent
- Elaborate scheme that:
 - Falsified CDs, investment & bank statements
- Institution liquidated due to fraud

What Went Wrong:

- Investment tasks limited to one individual
 - Authorization
 - Execution
 - Recording
 - Reconciliation
- Access and control over bank accounts provided to CEO



How to Prevent:

- · Segregation of duties, no one person can do it all
 - 2nd employee responsible for execution of purchase
- Supervisory Committee review of transactions on a periodic basis (annually)



Credit union executive jailed for \$1M embezzlement:

- EVP wrote checks off member accounts to pay:
 - Mortgage
 - Income taxes
 - Travel expenses
 - RV trailer
- Manipulated member accounts to hide scheme
- Post to member accounts then reverse after reporting date



What Went Wrong:

- High level executive had access to post & impact member accounts
- Lack of substantial review of income statement fluctuations



How to Prevent:

- Senior management access limited to post only
- Detailed monthly review of:
 - Financial statements
 - Income statement fluctuations



CEO guilty of \$2M credit union theft:

- Complex money laundering scheme involving:
 - Forged checks
 - Multiple aliases
- Embezzled funds for her personal use
- Used some funds on others and "didn't live an extravagant life"

What Went Wrong:

- 1 employee branch location
- No oversight from the Board of Directors (BOD)
- Long tenured employee trusted by the BOD



How to Prevent:

Regular audits by the BOD of new member accounts

Polling Question #3

- Have you personally worked somewhere that dealt with internal fraud?
 - a) Yes
 - b) No



General Prevention

Board of Directors and Supervisory Committees need to Stay Active!!!



General Prevention

BOD/SC includes at least 1 financial expert

 BOD, SC, or IA perform regular reviews or engage outside external audit firm

 External firm performs independent reviews to serve as the control point when internal staffing can not provide segregation of duties





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Thank You!

